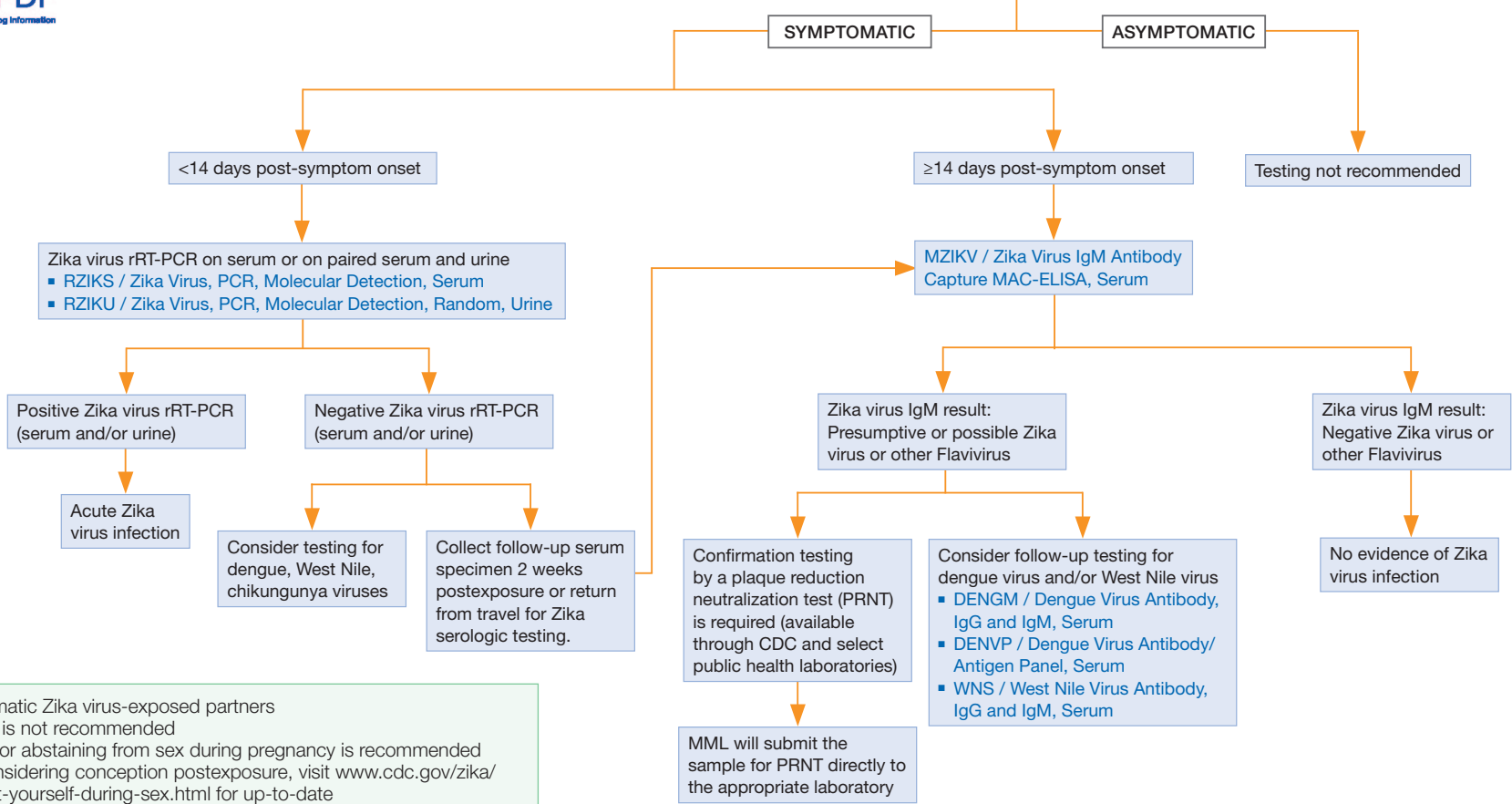




- Nonpregnant women with possible exposure to Zika virus through travel to region with Zika transmission or possible sexual exposure
- Evaluate for signs and symptoms of Zika virus disease (eg. fever, conjunctivitis, rash, arthralgia)
- <http://wwwnc.cdc.gov/travel/page/zika-travel-information>



Testing of asymptomatic Zika virus-exposed partners of pregnant women is not recommended

- Barrier protection or abstaining from sex during pregnancy is recommended
- For individuals considering conception postexposure, visit www.cdc.gov/zika/prevention/protect-yourself-during-sex.html for up-to-date CDC recommendations

Serologic and molecular testing is recommended for infants suspected to have contracted Zika virus in utero.

Adapted from Oduyebo T, Igbino I, Petersen EE, et al: Update: Interim Guidance for Health Care Providers Caring for Pregnant Women with Possible Zika Virus Exposure – United States, July 2017. MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep 2017;66(29):781-793