Reporting Title: 25-Hydroxyvitamin D2 and D3, S
Performing Location: Rochester

Specimen Requirements:
Container/Tube:
Preferred: Red top
Acceptable: Serum gel
Specimen Volume: 0.5 mL

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time
Serum	Refrigerated (preferred)	14 days
	Frozen	14 days
	Ambient	7 days

Result Codes:

Result ID	Reporting Name	Type	Unit	LOINC®
2897	25-Hydroxy D2	Numeric	ng/mL	49054-0
2898	25-Hydroxy D3	Numeric	ng/mL	1989-3
83670	25-Hydroxy D Total	Numeric	ng/mL	62292-8

CPT Code: 1 × 82306

Reference Values:

TOTAL 25-HYDROXYVITAMIN D2 AND D3 (25-OH-VitD)
<10 ng/mL (severe deficiency)*
10-24 ng/mL (mild to moderate deficiency)**
25-80 ng/mL (optimum levels)***
>80 ng/mL (toxicity possible)****
*Could be associated with osteomalacia or rickets
**May be associated with increased risk of osteoporosis or secondary hyperparathyroidism
***Optimum levels in the normal population
****80 ng/mL is the lowest reported level associated with toxicity in patients without primary hyperparathyroidism who have normal renal function. Most patients with toxicity have levels >150 ng/mL. Patients with renal failure can have very high 25-OH-VitD levels without any signs of toxicity, as renal conversion to the active hormone 1,25-OH-VitD is impaired or absent.

These reference ranges represent clinical decision values that apply to males and females of all ages, rather than population-based reference values. Population reference ranges for 25-OH-VitD vary widely depending on ethnic background, age, geographic location of the studied populations, and the sampling-season. Population-based ranges

correlate poorly with serum 25-OH-VitD concentrations that are associated with biologically and clinically relevant vitamin D effects and are therefore of limited clinical value.